Technique: Reverse Outlining (for a Scientific Article)

How to reverse outline: Along the margin of a document, note in as few words as possible the main topic/point of each paragraph (or sentence)

Reverse outlining can be useful to:
- Take notes on a published article to sum up the main topics and takeaways
- Annotate an exemplary article that you might like to emulate by extracting their sequence of ideas to make an outline that you can reference
- Apply to your own writing (see bottom of next page)

Topic categories typical in scientific papers:
While reading an article, you can sum up each paragraph (or sentence or two) at the highest level with the following common topics typically found in each section:

Abstract
- Background info/context
- Motivation
- Gap in knowledge
- Your solution
- Major findings/results
- Significance
- Broader implications

Introduction (“Why”)
- History of broader field
- History of subfield
- Motivation
- Need
- Gap in knowledge
- Problem to address
- Related work
- Limitation of prior work
- Definitions
- Existing knowledge
- Purpose of this work
- ______________________(other?)

Methods (“How”)
- Design choices
- Models setup/parameters
- Theory description
- Equations/algorithms
- Experimental method/procedure
- ______________________(other?)

Results (“What”)
- Output of simulations
- Results from experiments
- Data from observations, calculations,
- Info from literature or others’ work
- Performance evaluations
- End Products
- Deliverables
- ______________________(other?)

Discussion/Conclusion (“So What”)
- Interpretation of results
- Implications
- Limitations
- Significance/importance
- Pros/cons, advantages/disadvantages
- Impact
- Uses of end product
- Use of information
- Applications
- Next steps/future directions
- ______________________(other?)

Note: Feel free to define other tag words or be more specific to your subject (e.g., “limitations of X algorithm,” “problems with existing X method,” or “useful applications of X procedure in Y situations”).
Example: Reverse outlining an existing article

- Read or skim for key terms that give you a sense of the bigger picture topic (see underlined words in example below).
- Sum up each sentence or set of sentences along the left margin using as few words as possible, whether using your own wording or choosing from amidst the typical categories listed above (see topics noted below in left margin of example article).


How to apply reverse outlining to your own writing:
- Reverse outline a draft to check that your ideas flow as you intend or to double check that the structure matches your original outline (if you had one).
- If reorganizing or repurposing a prior document, reverse outline to identify which topic ideas in a prior document fit appropriately into your outline for the new version.
- Use the wording of your reverse outline notes to write topic sentences or section headings.

Want to talk to someone about the information in this handout or how to apply it to your own writing? Make an appointment to come into the HWC and talk with a professional or peer tutor: writing.caltech.edu/tutoring

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